CORRECTION TO "MEROMORPHIC SOLUTIONS OF SOME FUNCTIONAL EQUATIONS" *

WALTER BERGWEILER[†], KATSUYA ISHIZAKI[‡], AND NIRO YANAGIHARA[§]

In [1] we treated the functional equation

(1.1)
$$\sum_{j=0}^{n} a_j(z) f(c^j z) = Q(z),$$

where 0 < |c| < 1 is a complex number, and $a_j(z)$, $j = 0, 1, \ldots, n$, and Q(z) are rational functions, $a_0(z) \not\equiv 0$, $a_n(z) \equiv 1$. We mentioned that if all coefficients of (1.1) are constant, then (1.1) has no transcendental meromorphic solution. The argument given in [1], however, is not correct. The purpose of this note is to give a correct proof of this claim.

To do this we assume that (1.1) with constant coefficients a_j and Q possesses a meromorphic solution f. First we note that if f has a pole $z_0 \neq 0$, then, by (1.1), f has infinitely many poles of the form $c^j z_0$, $j \in \mathbb{N}$, so that the poles of f accumulate at 0, a contradiction. Thus the only possible pole of f is at 0.

We now argue analogously to the proof of Theorem 1.1 in [1]. As there we put s = 1/c and we define

$$M_k = \max_{j=0,1,\dots,k} M(|s|^j, f) + 1$$

and $L_k = \log M_k$ for $k \geq 0$. It follows from (1.1) that

$$|a_0|M(|s|^k, f) \le \sum_{j=1}^n |a_j|M(|s|^{k-j}, f) + |Q| \le \left(\sum_{j=1}^n |a_j|\right) M_{k-1} + |Q|$$

for $k \geq n$, and this implies that there exist constants A, B such that $M_k \leq AM_{k-1} + B$ for all $k \geq 1$. We deduce that $L_k \leq L_{k-1} + C$ for some C > 0 and all $k \geq 1$. It follows that $L_k \leq Ck + L_0$ and hence that

$$m(|s|^k, f) \le L_k \le Ck + L_0 = \frac{C}{\log |s|} \log (|s|^k) + L_0$$

for all $k \in \mathbb{N}$. We deduce that

$$T(r, f) = m(r, f) + N(r, f) = O(\log r)$$

for $r = |s|^k$, $k \in \mathbb{N}$, $k \to \infty$, and this implies that $T(r, f) = O(\log r)$ as $r \to \infty$ through any sequence of r-values. Thus f is rational.

REFERENCES

[1] W. Bergweiler, K. Ishizaki, and N. Yanagihara, Meromorphic solutions of some functional equations, Method Appl. Anal., 5:3 (1998), pp. 248–258.

^{*}Received May 17, 1999.

[†]Mathematisches Seminar, Christian-Albrechts-Universität zu Kiel, Ludewig-Meyn-Str. 4, D-24098 Kiel, Germany (bergweiler@math.uni-kiel.de).

[†]Department of Mathematics, NIPPON Institute of Technology, 4-1 Gakuendai Miyashiro, Minamisaitama Saitama, 345 JAPAN (ishi@nit.ac.jp).

[§]Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, Chiba University, 1-33 Yayoi-cho Inage, Chiba 263, JAPAN (yanagi@math.s.chiba-u.ac.jp).